KPSEA NATIONAL POST MOCKS

ALL SUBJECTS

A Series of Assessment Questions Prepared by Top KNEC Examiners Nairobi HQ for Academic year 2024.

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KENYA EDUCATORS
CONSULTANCY

KPSEA 2024 NATIONAL POST MOCKS

{KENYA PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT}

ENGLISH

Time: 1 Hours 40 Minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question bookier contains 30 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHET,** not in the question paper.

    HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.
4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing **a dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e. school code Number and the three -figure candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as

clean as possible and Do not fold it."

9. For each question 1-30 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. În each case Only One of the four answers is correct. Chose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

I1. Your dark line Must be within the box. Make your line as dark as possible.

12. For each question **Only One box** is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

Candidates should check the question papers to ensure that all questions are printed.

Read the dialogue below and answer questions 1 to 5

Mary : How are you Tony?
Tony : I am fine. How are you?
Mary: I am fine too. Good to see you after the long holiday.
Tony : Am happy to see you. How was your holiday?
Mary: It could not have been better. I went to visit my brother in Kisumu.
Tony : You must have enjoyed the long journey to Kisumu.
Mary: Yes, it was memorable. We visited many exciting places. Did you spend the holiday here?
Tony : I was also lucky. I went to visit my cousins who live in Nyeri.
Mary: How far is Nveri from here?
Tony : It is about two hundred kilometres. It took us about four hours as we used public means of transport.
Mary: Kisumu is farther than that but it took us less time as my father borrowed our neighbour's car.
Tony : Did you visit Lake Victoria?
Mary : Yes, we even had a boat ride. How I wish I could also visit Nyeri and see Mount Kenya.
Tony : Mt Kenya is a major tourist attraction in that area. Many visitors go there for mountain climbing.
Mary: Have you ever climbed the mountain?
Tony : My father says am too young for that.
Mary: It's a matter of time before you are of age. There goes the bell! See you later.
Tony : See you.

1. It is true to say that Mary and Tony
   A. are relatives
   B. are friends
   C. are classmates
   D. climbed Mount Kenya
2. Why do you think Mary has not seen mount Kenya?
   A. Her father refused
   B. She is too young
   C. She lives far from Mount Kenya.
   D. She prefers boat riding.
3. Mary says "I wish I could also visit Nyeri and see Mount Kenya". We can say "if wishes
   A. were granted we would climb Mount Kenya
   B. were horses beggars would ride.
   C. was money we would be rich.
   D. were wishful thinking.
4. How far do you think Kisumu is from the school?

A. More than two hundred kilomitres
B. Less than two hundred kilometres
C. Two hundred kilometres
D.   We are not told.

5. At what time do you think the two friends were talking?
A. After school
B. During break time
C. During class time
D. After lunch break

Read the passage below and answer questions 6, 7 and 8.

The wife of a rich man fell sick. When she felt she was about to die, she called her only daughter to her bedside and said, "Always be a good girl, I will look down from heaven and watch over you." Soon after, she shut her eyes and died in peace. She was buried in the garden. The little girl went every day to her grave and wept, and was always good and kind to all around her. The snow season spread a beautiful

white covering over the grave, but by the time the sun had melted it away again, her father had married another wife. This new wife had two daughters of her own. They were fair in face but foul at heart, and it was now a sorry time for the poor little girl. They took away her fine clothes, and gave her old ones to put on as they laughed at her.

6. How many daughters did the rich man have with the first wife?
A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. Four
7. The two daughters mistreated the first wife's daughter because
A. blood is thicker than water.
B. birds of a feather flock together.
C. the wearer of the shoe knows where it hurts.
D. every dog has its own day.
8. Who was buried in the garden?
A. The first daughter
B. The second wife
C. The rich man
D. The first wife.

Read the passage below and answer questions 9-12.

Demonstrations and picketing provide means for those who have strong feelings about particular issues to express those feelings. Such expressions may take the form of motionless protests, public meetings, protest marches, press-conferences, sit-ins and even counter demonstrations..

Demonstrators, picketers and petition-presenters must do so peacefully and unarmed. Assemblies, picketing and demonstrations, which are not peaceful, are excluded from the protection of the Article. If they consist of violence to or intimidation of the public then the assembly or the demonstration ought to be stopped. Likewise, participants in assemblies, picketers and demonstrators must not be armed. Weapons as well as defensive or protective gadgets which breed or stimulate aggression ought not to be possessed by the demonstrators or picketers.

9. How many forms can a demonstration take?
    A. Five
    B. Three
    C. Four
    D. Six
10. The demonstrations ought to be stopped if_
    A. they are peaceful
    B. demonstrators are unarmed
    C. demonstrators are violent.
    D. they are not excluded from the protection
11. The word **gadgets** as used in the passage could. best be replaced by
    A. demonstrastions
    B. clothes
    C. weapons
    D. devices
12. From the passage above we can say demonstrate is to demonstrators as picket is to
    A. picking
    B. picketer
    C. picketing
    D. picket

Read the passage below and answer questions 13-15.

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child is an important agreement by countries that have promised to protect children's rights.

The Convention on the Rights of the Child explains who a child is. It explains his/her rights and the responsibilities of government. All the rights are connected, they are all equally important and they cannot be taken away from children. Children who move from their home country to another country as refugees should get help and protection and have the same rights as children born in that country. Every child who has been placed somewhere away from home for their care, protection or health should have their situation checked regularly to see if everything is going well and if this is still the best place for the child to be

13. The Convention on the Rights of the Child explains all the following **except**
    A. the rights of children
    B. the government of the child.
    C. who a child is
    D. government's responsibility.
14. A child may be kept away from home for all the following reasons **except**
    A. kidnap
    B. care
    C. health issue
    D. protection
15. The **best** title for the story is
    A. child care
    B. children's rights
    C. United nation convention
    D. government's responsibilities

Read the passage below keenly. It contains blank spaces numbered 16 to 20. Fill in the spaces using the best alternative from the choices given.

If you eat sugary foods or drinks throughout the day, you give the ___**16**___ in your mouth food. Well-fed bacteria make cavities more likely to occur. Hard candies, cough drops, and breath mints that ___**17**___ sugar are especially harmful because they dissolve slowly in your mouth. It's best not to eat sugary foods between meals. Sugary or starchy foods eaten with a meal are less ___**18**___ to teeth than when they are eaten alone. This might be because our mouths make more spit during eating, ___**19**___ washes away the sugar and bacteria. Eating sugary foods before bedtime can be the most damaging thing to do especially if you don't brush your teeth___**20**___ This is because we don't make as much spit when we sleep.

	A	B	C	D
16.	virus	germs	bacteria	organism
17.	contain	contains	containing	had
18.	harm	harmless	harmful	harmfull
19.	who	which	that	when

20.	later	after	again	afterward

For questions 21 to 23 indicate the type of the underlined adverb

21. The referee ran **fast** across the field.
    - A. Adverb of time
    - B. Adverb of manner
    - C. Adverb of place
    - D. Adverb of degree
22. He was instructed to visit the office **regularly**
    - A. Adverb of time
    - B. Adverb of frequency
    - C. Adverb of place
    - D. Adverb of degree
23. He **recently** visited the children's home.
    - A. Adverb of degree
    - B. Adverb of manner
    - C. Adverb of place
    - D. Adverb of time

For questions 24 to 26 choose the correct pronoun to complete the sentence.

24. That is _____he lost all his money.
    - A. how
    - B. who
    - C. whom
    - D. while
25. He showed us _____ he last saw the elephant.
    - A. who
    - B. how
    - C. where
    - D. which
26. The pupil _____saved the driver has been rewarded.
    - A. when
    - B. how
    - C. who
    - D. which

For questions 27 and 28, choose the correct word to complete the sentence.

27. The police officers arrested _____ the seller nor the buyer of the drugs.
      A. nor
      B. or
      C. either
      D. neither

28. You will either attend the interview _____lose the chance to get the job.
      A. nor
      B. or
      C. either
      D. neither

Complete the proverbs below

29. A drowning man will _____.
      A. scream for help
      B. clutch at a straw
      C. learn to swim
      D. die trying.

30. A fool and his money _____.
      A. is stolen
      B. are soon parted
      C. cannot be hidden
      D. have no value.

KPSEA 2024 NATIONAL POST MOCKS
{KENYA PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT}

ENGLISH COMPOSITION

Time: 40 Minutes

Name…………………………………..School…………..

Index No……………………………….Date…………….

COMPOSITION

Write an interesting composition about:

Assume you lost your bag while travelling by bus. Write a formal letter to the of the Company asking assistance to trace your bag.

KPSEA 2024 NATIONAL POST MOCKS

{KENYA PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT}

INTEGRATED SCIENCE

(Agriculture & Nutrition And Science & Technology)

Time: 1 Hours 40 Minutes

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<div align="center">

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

</div>

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9. For each question 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. În each case Only One of the four answers is correct. Chose the correct answer.

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1. Learners went for a nature walk to study the importance of plants. They listed the following as the importance of plants. They
   i. produce fruits
   ii. attract rain
   iii. beautify environment
   iv. protect soil
   v. produce nectar
   Which two are true for flowering plants?
   A. (i) and (iii)
   B. (i) and (v)
   C. (ii) and (iv)
   D. (iii) and (v)

2. Grade 5 learners in a certain primary school grouped fungi with their use. Which of the following fungi was correctly matched to its use?

	Fungi	Use
A.	Yeast	preservation of beverages
B.	Toadstool	food for animals
C.	Mushroom	beauty of environment
D.	Penicillium	source of medicine

3. A learner observed that when food remains fell on the floor, the food was quickly covered by small ants which ate all of it.
   This behaviour by the ants demonstrated that living things

   A. respond to changes in their environment
   B. love eating food
   C. hunt for food in their environment
   D. hide after feeding.

4. In a certain family the water used for washing clothes is then used to clean the house. Water taps are also turned off when not in use. Which one of the following is true about the family? It conserves water by

   A. recycling and re-using
   B. reducing only
   C. re-using and reducing
   D. recycling only.

5. While sweeping the classroom, Jane started sneezing and found it difficult to continue sweeping. What could Jane do to prevent sneezing and continue sweeping?

   A. Put on an overcoat.

B. Sprinkle water on the floor.
C. Wear gloves.
D. Change the broom she is using.

6. During a lesson on fungi, the teacher warned learners not to pick mushrooms on their own for cooking. The reason why learners should follow their teacher's advice is that

    A. mushrooms have no nutrients
    B. some mushrooms have worms
    C. mushrooms are difficult to cook
    D. some mushrooms are poisonous.

7. The picture below shows a kettle with parts labelled L, M, N and P.

Which two parts are likely to be made of poor conductors of heat?

    A. L and P
    B. L and N
    C. M and N
    D. M and P.

8. To control the COVID-19 pandemic, one of the measures taken is to clean hands. A learner noted that after using a sanitiser, hands dry up faster than when washed with water. This is because the sanitiser

    A. freezes quickly
    B. is absorbed by the skin
    C. condenses easily
    D. evaporates easily.

9. After a discussion on composition of air, learners presented the information in a pie chart as shown below.
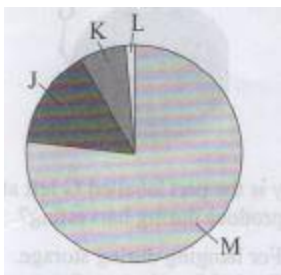
Which one of the following letters represents a gas that supports burning?

    A. M
    B. K
    C. L
    D. J

10. The diagram below represents a beam balance that was constructed by learners to be used for comparing masses of objects.
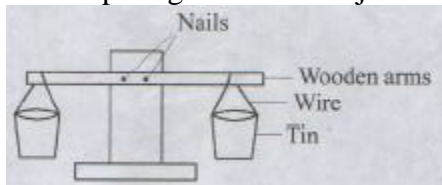
The beam balance could not compare masses of objects because

    A. the arm was fixed
    B. a wooden arm was used to wong of
    C. wires were used instead of thread
    D. similar tins were used.

11. During a class discussion, learners listed the following as some effects of gravity.

    A. Flowing of water in rivers.
    B. Writing on chalkboard.
    C. Fruits falling from a tree.
    D. Swimming in a pool.
       Which two are correct effects of gravity?

        A. (ii) and (iii)
        B. (i) and (iv)
        C. (i) and (iii)
        D. (ii) and (iv)

12. Learners dropped dry leaves on a fire and observed that some leaves moved upwards instead of dropping into the fire. Which one of the following statements best explains the observation?

    A. Leaves are light.
    B. Leaves expand.
    C. Wind carried leaves upwards.
    D. Hot air carried leaves upwards.

13. Learners were preparing to go out for a nature walk in a nearby forest. Which one of the following pair of protective equipment would be most suitable for their safety when handling plants in the forest?

    A. Gloves and goggles.
    B. Gloves and overcoats.
    C. Tongs and overcoats.
    D. Goggles and tongs.

14. A learner went to hospital complaining of severe diarrhoea, vomiting and thirst. Which one of the following diseases was the learner likely to be suffering from?

    A. Bilharzia.
    B. Cholera.
    C. Typhoid.
    D. Dysentry.

15. Learners observed a cloud that was low in the sky, dark-grey in colour and thick. The appearance of the cloud indicates that there was going to be a

    A. windy weather
    B. foggy weatherboa
    C. rainy weather
    D. sunny weather.

16. Which of the following crop is a climbing fruit?

    A. Orange.
    B. Passion.
    C. Mango.
    D. Apple.

17. How can the learners protect young climbing fruit plants from damage by animals?

A. Staking the plants.
B. Constructing a shade.
C. Trapping the animals.
D. Applying a mulch.

18. Which of the following practices will provide support to a climbing fruit plant?

    A. Hardening.
    B. Pruning.
    C. Training.
    D. Mulching.

19. Which of the following crops is eaten as a fresh fruit?

    A. Pumpkin.
    B. Water melon.
    C. Cucumber.
    D. Calabash.

20. What is the main nutritional benefit of eating mangoes?

    A. Vitamins.
    B. Proteins.
    C. Fibre.
    D. Carbohydrates.

21. Exposed plant roots on a bare flat ground is an indication of

    A. Splash erosion.
    B. sheet erosion.
    C. gulley erosion.
    D. rill erosion.

22. All the following are ways of controlling soil erosion. Which one is not?

    A. Using drip irrigation.
    B. Mulching.
    C. Planting cover crops
    D. Building gabions.

23. How does the seedbed in the picture help to conserve water?

    A. Reduces evaporation.

B. Collects surface run-off.
C. Prevents effects of strong wind.
D. Protects soil from strong sun.

24. Identify the animal drawn below.

    A. Goat.
    B. Dog
    C. Sheep.
    D. Bull.

25. Which of the following shows a pair of tiny seeded crops?

    A. Sugarcane and banana.
    B. Onions and tomatoes.
    C. Pumpkin and cucumber.
    D. Sunflower and carrots.

26. Mrs. Chacha always stuffs her leather shoes with old newspapers before storing. Which of the following is the reason for stuffing old newspapers? To

    A. prevent her shoes from becoming small
    B. prevent her shoes from getting dirty
    C. make her shoes dry completely
    D. prevent her shoes from losing shape.

27. Kwamboka is feeling unwell. She is showing the following symptoms: Fever, pain in the joints, headache and vomiting. Which of the following diseases is she suffering from?

    A. Malaria.
    B. Cough.
    C. Measles.
    D. Chicken pox.

28. Kangu and Yala are helping to make a family budget. Which of the following is the reason why they are making a family budget? To

    A. make their family happy
    B. buy expensive items
    C. make good use of money
    D. buy all the items in fashion.

29. Which of the following is not a factor to consider when making a budget?

A. Taste and preference.
B. Amount of money.
C. The type of food.
D. The weather of the day.

30. Joan wants to help her mother preserve cereals by drying in the sun. Which of the following shows the correct steps?

A. Wash, dry completely and put in the sun.
B. Dry completely, pack in airtight bags
C. Dry completely, pack in bags and store.
D. Dry completely, pack in airtight bags, store in a dry place.

31. Grade 6 learners used their digital devices to get information on cleaning a charcoal jiko that was used for cooking. The following is the information:

i. Empty the jiko.
ii. Let the jiko cool.
iii. Leave it in an airy place to dry
iv. Wipe the metal parts with a cloth wrung out of warm soapy water.
Which of the following shows the correct order the learners can follow when cleaning the jiko.

A. (ii), (i), (iv), (iii)
B. (i), (ii), (iv), (iii)
C. (i), (iii), (ii), (iv)
D. (ii), (i), (iii), (iv)

32. Wanjala was told by her parents to be no cleaning utensils immediately after use. Why do you think this is important?

A. To make the utensil last long.
B. To prevent them from staining.
C. To prevent them from cracking.
D. To make them shine after washing.

33. Loima and Ole-Kina are talking about the importance of mending clothes before washing. Loima tells Ole-Kina that we mend clothes before washing to

A. prevent the clothes from getting creased
B. make the clothes look new after washing
C. prevent further damage to the clothes
D. retain the original colour of the clothes.

34. The following are factors to consider when choosing buttons. Which one is not?

.   The person you are buying the buttons for
A.   The colour of the garment
B.   The size of the button
C.   The number of button holes

35. Kola wants to make a neck scarf to give his grandfather as a gift. Which one of the following is not a method he can use to make the neck scarf?

   A. Sewing.
   B. Knitting.
   C. Weaving
   D. Crotcheting.walls to W

36. Learners were asked to outline the process hue of performing long jump. Which of the following is the correct process?

   A. Flight, take-off, approach, landing.
   B. Approach, take-off, flight, landing.
   C. Take-off, landing, approach, flight.
   D. Landing, approach, take-off, flight.

37. Which of the following statements is true about safety when throwing javelin in the field?

   A. Only the thrower and the one to collect the thrown javelin should be in the throwing area.
   B. The javelin may be thrown back to the throwing area after landing.
   C. The thrown javelin should be caught while in the air to avoid breaking.
   D. The thrower is the only player who is supposed to be in the throwing area.

38. A soccer goalkeeper strained a thigh muscle during a football match. A first aider applied a bandage on the injured do part. Why was the bandage applied?

   A. To stop bleeding.
   B. To reduce swelling
   C. To immobilise the leg.
   D. To use the first aid materials.

39. Four athletes consumed different types of drinks before the race. Who among the four consumed the most appropriate drink for hydration?

   A. Peter drunk water.
   B. James drunk porridge.
   C. Sophia drunk milk.

D. Daisy drunk coffee.

40. Which of the following activities would you and your friends engage in to enhance physical fitness?

    A. Sleeping for long hours so as to rest.
    B. Swimming regulary with friends.
    C. Eating balanced diet at all times.
    D. Watching soccer games to learn the skills

41. You have been asked to select players for your school's volleyball team. How many players will you identify to be in the court at the start of a volleyball game?

    A. 61
    B. 12
    C. 11
    D. 7

42. Grade six learners were planning for movement sequences in gymnastics. Which of the categories provided is an appropriate two-action sequence?

    A. Side vault to Backward roll.
    B. Backward roll to fence vault.
    C. Cartwheel to Headstand.
    D. Astride Vault to Forward roll.

43. Your group is preparing to demonstrate flexibility testing to other class members. Which of the following equipment should your group use?

    A. Sit and reach box.
    B. Tape measure.
    C. Weighing scale.
    D. Measuring string.

44. An athlete from your school finished first in a marathon race. Which was the most important physical fitness component the athlete used?

    A. Power.
    B. Speed.
    C. Endurance.
    D. Coordination.

45. A group of leamers preserved food appropriately when going out for an excursion. Why was the food preserved?

    A. To add taste before eating.
    B. To keep warm and dry.
    C. To stay long before spoiling.
    D. For ease of carrying.

46. Four learners gave the meaning of ABC in first aid. Which of the responses given was the correct meaning?

    A. Awake Breathing and Circulation.
    B. Assess Breathing and Circulation.
    C. Airways Breathing and Circulation.
    D. Airways Bleeding and Circulation.

47. A learner was stung by a bee during an outdoor activity in the school farm. What did the teacher advice the learner to do?

    A. Immediately go home and sleep.
    B. Place hot water in the stung area.
    C. Pull the sting out immediately.
    D. Kill the bees and continue.

48. Which of the following can be used to improvise a relay baton?

    A. Broken glasses.
    B. Maize stalks.
    C. Old clothes.
    D. Thread.

49. When playing a game, players aim at scoring. Which of the following games is correctly matched with the method of scoring?

    A. Tag rugby-Shot
    B. Volleyball - Try
    C. Soccer - Goal
    D. Handball - Gun

50. During a netball competition, one player used a shoulder pass to pass the ball to a team mate. Why did this player choose to use the shoulder pass?

    A. Team mate was close.

B. Team mate was running.
C. Team mate was marked.
D. Team mate was far.

KPSEA 2024 NATIONAL POST MOCKS

{KENYA PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT}

KISWAHILI

Muda: Saa 1

SOMA KWA MAKINI MAAGIZO YAFUATAYO.

1. Umepewa kijitabu hiki cha maswali na karatasi ya kujibia. Kijitabu hiki kina maswali 30.

2. Ikiwa utataka kuandika chochote si jibu andika katika kijitabu hiki.

3. Ukisha chaguajibu lako ionyeshe katika KARATASIYAMAJIBU na wala sio katika kijitabu hiki cha maswali.

JINSI YA KUTTIMIÁ KARATASI YA MAJIBU.

4. Tumia penseli ya kawaida. 5. Hakikisha ya kwamba yafuatayo yameandikwa katika karatsi ya majibu.

NAMBARIYAKO YA MTIHANI

JINA LAKO

JINA LA SHULE SHULE YAKO

6. Kwa kuchora kistari katika visanduku vyenye namba zinazokuhusu, onyesha namba ako kamili ya mtihani yaani namba ya shule, na zile namba tatu za mtahiniwa) katika sehemu iliyotengwamwanzo wa karatasi ya majibu.

7. Usitie alama zozote nje ya visanduku,,

8. Iweke safi karatasi yako ya maibu.

9. Kwakila swali 1-30 umepewamajibu manne. Majibu'ha o yameonyeshwakwä herufi A, B,D naD. Ni jibu **MOJA** tu kati ya hayo manne ambalo ni sahihi. Chagua jibu hilisi

10. Kwenye karatasi ya majibu,jibu sahihi lionyeshwe kwakuchora kistari katika kisanduku chenye herufi uliyochagua kuwa ndilojibu.

11. Chora kistari chako vizuri. Kistari chako kiwe cheusi na kisijitokeze nje ya kisanduku.

12. Kwakila swali, chora kistari katika kisanduku kimoja tu kati ya visanduku ulivyopewa.

Candidates should check the question papers to ensure that all questions are printed.

Soma mazungumzo yafuatayo kisha ujibu maswali 1-5.

(*Mwalimu na wanafunzi wamo katika mjadala kuhusu umuhimu wa kuyatunza mazingira*)

Bi Muli: Salaam aleikum wanafunzi. M hali gani?

Wanafunzi: (*Wakiamka sawia*) Njema Bi Muli, shikamoo.

Bi. Muli: Marahaba (*anawaashiria wakae*) Naam, leo ningependa tuzungumze kuhusu namna n umuhimu wa kuyatunza mazingira kwa kuwa mazingira machafu huweza kutuletea magonjwa hatari.

Sofa: Samahani mwalimu, mazingara ni nini? (*Akionyesha uso wa kuchanganyikiwa*)

Bi Muli: Sofia, si mazingara, ni mazingira. Haya ni yote ambayo...

Peru: (*Akiunyanyua mkono wake*) Samahani mwalimu, naweza kulijibu swali hilo. Haya ni yote ambayo yanatuzunguka.

Bi Muli: Makofi kwa Peru. (Wenzake wanampigia makofi kwa kujibu swali kwa usahihi). Safi. Ili kuyalinda mazingira, tunaweza kukata nyasi ndefu zinazowafuga mbu.

Maloba: Vile vile, tunaweza kuhakikisha vyanzo vya maji vi safi. Hivi ni kama vile mito, maziwa na mabwawa.

Ali: Nadhani kuwa kuna hatari aidha katika kutumia mbolea za madukani kiholela. Zikitumiwa kupita kiasi huweza kuathiri udongo na hatimaye vyanzo vya maji.

Bi Muli: Vyanzo vya maji vinapoathirika, viumbe vya majini kama vile samaki, mamba, mimea na wanyama wengine huweza kuathirika pakubwa. Kesho tutaandika insha kuhusu umuhimu wa kuyatunza mazingira. Kwaherini kwa sasa.

Wote: Kwaheri ya kuonana mwalimu.

1. Kulingana na maelezo ya mwalimu, mazingira machafu yana madhara gani? Huweza
   A. kuchafua vyanzo vya maji.
   B. kusababisha magonjwa.
   C. kudumisha afya bora.
   D. kutukinga dhidi ya magonjwa.
2. Peru alipigiwa makofi kwa sababu
   A. alilijibu swali la mwanafunzi mwenzake kwa usahihi.
   B. alikuwa mwanafunzi bora darasani mwao.
   C. alijaribu kulijibu swali la Sofia.
   D. alishindwa kulijibu swali la Sofia.
3. Kulingana na mazungumzo haya, mbolea za madukani zikitumika kupita kiasi
   A. huweza kusababisha hali mbaya ya anga.
   B. huweza kuchafua hewa.
   C. huathiri udongo na vyanzo vya maji.
   D. huchafua pakubwa vyanzo vya maji
4. Vyanzo vya maji vínapoathirika,
   A. wanyama wa porini huangamia.
   B. nyuni wa angani hufa.
   C. wanadamu hupata taabu.
   D. wanyama wa majini huathirika.

---

5. Chanzo gani cha maji hakijatajwa katika mazungumzo haya?
    A. Mito.
    B. Mvua.
    C. Mabwawa.
    D. Maziwa.

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswall 6 hadi 8

Rununu yake ilikiriza mara kadhaa lakini akashindwa kuiwahi. Kichwa chake kilimwanga vilivyo. Usiku uliotangulia alikuwa amepiga maji na kulewa chakari. Hakuelewa alivyofika kitandani pake. Mlaraha alikuwa mwizi hatari. Hii ilikuwa shughuli haramu na hatari kweli kweli. Aliitazama simu yake ya mkononi ilivyokuwa imechakaa. Ghafla, mlango wake ukabishwa kwa kishindo. Alisita kidogo huku akijiuliza kama kweli alikuwa na ahadi ya kukutana na yeyote asubuhi hiyo.

Kufumba na kufumbua, pu! Mlango ulipigwa teke na kuanguka kando. Mlangoni walisimama maafisa wanne wa polisi na bastola huku wawili wakiwa na pingu mikononi. Mlaraha aliinua mikono juu ishara ya kusalimu amri. Moyoni alijua kuwa zake arubaini zilikuwa zimetimia. Naam, uhalifu haulipi chochote.

6. Mlaraha hakuweza kuiwahi rununu yake kwa kuwa
    A. kichwa chake kilikuwa kizito.
    B. ilikuwa mbali.
    C. hakutaka kufanya hivyo.
    D. aliogopa kuzungumza na aliyekuwa akipiga.
7. Chagua orodha ya sifa za Mlaraha kulingana na kifungu.
    A. Mwizi, mpole.
    B. Mlevi, mwizi.
    C. Mjeuri, mlevi.
    D. Mwizi, katili.
8. Ni kweli kuwa waliobisha mlango walikuwa
    A. wenzake Mlaraha katika wizi.
    B. majirani waliotaka kumjulia hali Miaraha.
    C. maafisa wa polisi.
    D. waumini wa dhehebu aliloshiriki.
9. Methali gani inayoweza kutumika kufupishia kisa hiki?
    A. Pwagu hupata pwaguzi.
    B. Mgaagaa na upwa hali wali mkavu.
    C. Kawia ufike.
    D. Siku za mwizi ni arubaini.

Sema kifungu kifuatacho kisha ulibu maswoll 10 hadi 12

Uhalifu ni hali ya kutenda kinyume na zinavyohitaji sheria za nchi ambazo siku zote huongozwa na katiba. Kunavyo viwango mbalimbali vya uhalifu katika jamii. Uhalifu hutendeka katika maeneo mbalimbali. Hata hivyo, kuna njia kadhaa za kukabiliana na uhalifu. Kwanza, wananchi wakiacha tabia za kuwaficha wahalifu miongoni mwao, uhalifu utapungua. Vile vile, wale ambao hupokea hongo wanastahili kufunguliwa mashtaka. Si hayo tu, uhalifu aidha huweza kupungua iwapo sehemu mbalimbali za umma kama vile afisini zitawekewa kamera za siri. Kwa jumla, kila mwanajamii akisimama kidete kupambana na uhalifu, tutaweza kujivunia kupungua kwa uhalifu.

10. Mwandishi ametaja njia ngapi za kukabiliana na uhalifu?
    A. Tano.
    B. Nne
    C. Mbili.
    D. Tatu.
11. Kulingana na habari hii, kamera za siri zinaweza kudhibiti uhalifu
    A. nyumbani.
    B. afisini.
    C. shuleni
    D. sokoni.
12. Kwa jumla, jukumu la kudhibiti uhalifu ni jukumu la nani?
    A. Serikali.
    B. Watu wazima.
    C. Kila mmoja.
    D. Wazazi.

Soma kifungu kifuatacho kisha ujibu maswali 13 hadi 15.

Shughuli kama vile kuogelea, kandanda, riadha na urukaji viunzi huitwa michezo. Shughuli hizi si muhimu tu katika kuijenga miili yetu bali pia huchangia kuwaleta watu pamoja. Michezo baina ya shule mbalimbali huwaleta wanafunzi pamoja ambapo wao huweza kubadilishana mawazo yanayoweza kuinua viwango vyao vya kimasomo. Shughuli za kimichezo aidha huchangia kutukinga dhidi ya magonjwa kama vile uzito wa mwili, ambayo hatimaye huweza kusababisha maradhi ya moyo. Baadhi ya wananchi hutumia michezo kama kitegauchumi cha kuwaletea pesa. Baadhi ya wanaspoti wamewahi kuileta nchi yetu nishani na medali mbalimbali na hivyo kuiweka nchi yetu katika nafasi bora kimichezo.

13. Chagua kauli isiyo sahihi kulingana na ufahamu.
    A. Shughuli za kimichezo si muhimu katika kuijenga miili yetu.
    B. Michezo haichangii katika kujenga miili yetu pekee.
    C. Wakati mwingine michezo huandaliwa baina ya shule mbalimbali.
    D. Baadhi ya watu hutumia michezo kama njia ya kujipatia riziki.
14. Kulingana na habari hii, uzito wa mwili hatimaye huweza kusababisha
    A. mauti.

B. uvivu.

C. maradhi ya ngozi.

D. maradhi ya moyo.

15. Nchi yetu inapopata nishani na medali,
    A. wananchi wengi hujiunga na spoti.
    B. hadhi yake kimichezo huinuka.
    C. hupoteza heshima yake kimichezo
    D. huwa miongoni mwa mataifa yaliyotajirika.

Soma kifungu kifuatacho. Chagua jibu lifaalo zaidi kati ya vale uliyopewa.

Mtoto ana haki ___16___. Yapo inahitaji ya kimsingi ambayo ni makazi, lishe na ___17___ haki ya mtoto kupata elimu___18___serikali ikaanzisha elimu ya bure katika shule za umma.___19___ anayemnyima intoto nafasi ya___20___shuleni lazima afikishwe mahakamani.

	A	B	C	D
16.	mingi	chache	zote	kadhaa
17.	elimu	makao	mavazi	maji
18.	sababu	maana	ili	ndipo
19.	Wowote	Yeyote	Yoyote	Wote
20.	kuenda	kufika	kusomesha	kuanguka

Kutoka swali la 21-30. jibu swall kulingana na maagizo uliyopewa.

21. Chagua kitenzi kilicholinganishwa visivyo na kinyume chake.
    A. Funga   fungua
    B. Shona   shonua
    C. Nuna   tabasamu
    D. Lia   cheka

22. Kamilisha tashbihi hii:
    Mariamu ana maneno mengi kama
    A. chiriku.
    B. tausi.
    C. kasuku.
    D. njiwa.

23. Chagua ukubwa ws:
    Ndizi hizi ni ndogo.
    A. Dizi hili ni dogo.
    B. Kidizi hiki ni kidogo.

C. Madizi haya ni madogo.

D. Vidizi hivi ni vidogo.

24. Chagua ukanusho wa sentensi ifuatayo:

   Wewe ulikuwa mgonjwa.

   A. Wewe haukuwa mgonjwa.

   B. Wewe hujawa mgonjwa.

   C. Wewe huwi mgonjwa.

   D. Wewe hukuwa mgonjwa.

25. Chagua sentensi iliyo katika hali timifu.

   A. Mboso atauimba wimbo mpya.

   B. Kadogo amemaliza kuandika.

   C. Upepo haukuvuma kwa fujo.

   D. Walimu wanazungumza mkutanoni.

26. Chagua wingi wa sentensi ifuatayo:

   Ufagio ulinunuliwa sokoni.

   A. Fagio zilinunuliwa masokoni.

   B. Ufagio zilinunuliwa sokoni.

   C. Fagio ulinunuliwa masokoni.

   D. Ufagio ulinunuliwa masokoni.

27. Chagua orodha ya nomino zilizo katika ngeli tofauti.

   A. Cheo, chupa.

   B. Magari, maua.

   C. Kiwavi, kipofu.

   D. Mitego, mikoba.

28. Ni sentensi gani iliyo katika nafsi ya pili?

   A. Mlitutembelea jana kwa sherehe.

   B. Alinunuliwa mwanasesere maridadi.

   C. Nimeamua kufanya bidii.

   D. Mwalimu aliyekuwa darasani ametoka.

29. Chagua methali iliyo tofauti na nyingine kimatumizi.

   A. Kidole kimoja hakivunji chawa.

   B. Umoja ni nguvu utengano ni udhaifu.

   C. Mkono mmoja haumlei mwana.

   D. Mgaagaa na upwa hali wali mkavu.

30. Chagua orodha ya majina ambayo ni visawe.

   A. Runinga, redio

   B. Ndovu, Pombe

   C. Mbung'o, ndorobo

   D. Ugonjwa, malaria

KISWAHILI INSHA

Muda: Dakika 40

Andika insha kuhusu;

Andikia mwalimu mkuu wa shule yako barua rasmi ukiomba ruhusa kujiunga na kikundi cha wanaskauti shuleni:

KPSEA 2024 NATIONAL POST MOCKS

{KENYA PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT}

MATHEMATICS

Time: 1 Hours 40 Minutes

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

1. You have been given this question booklet and a separate answer sheet. The question bookier contains 30 questions.
2. Do any necessary rough work in this booklet.
3. When you have chosen your answer, mark it on the **ANSWER SHET,** not in the question paper.

   HOW TO USE THE ANSWER SHEET.
4. Use an ordinary pencil only.
5. Make sure that you have written on the answer sheet.

YOUR INDEX NUMBER

YOUR NAME

NAME OF YOUR SCHOOL

6. By drawing **a dark line** inside the correct numbered boxes mark your full index number (i.e. school code Number and the three -figure candidate's Number) in the grid near the top of the answer sheet.

7. Do not make any marks outside the boxes.

8. Keep your answer sheet as

clean as possible and Do not fold it."

9. For each question 1-30 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. În each case Only One of the four answers is correct. Chose the correct answer.

10. On the answer sheet show the correct answer by drawing a dark line inside the box in which the letter you have chosen is written.

I1. Your dark line Must be within the box. Make your line as dark as possible.

12. For each question **Only One box** is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

   Candidates should check the question papers to ensure that all questions are printed.

1. Farmers from Konambaya county delivered 492 600 kilograms of millet. What is the place value of digit 4 in this number?
   - A. Tens of thousands.
   - B. Hundreds of thousands.
   - C. Four hundred thousand.
   - D. Millions.
2. A trader bad three hundred and forty nine thousand, eight hundred and seventy two shillings in his account. How much is this in symbols?
   - A. Sh. 394 872
   - B. Sh. 384 972
   - C. Sh. 349 972
   - D. Sh. 349 872
3. Round off 56 380 to the nearest thousand.
   - A. 56 000
   - B. 56 300
   - C. 60 000
   - D. 56 400
4. Kiambamba mixed 3.027 litres of water to 2.638 litres of milk to prepare tea. How much tea did he prepare?
   - A. 6.6651
   - B. 5.6551
   - C. 6.6551
   - D. 5.6651
5. Convert 40% as a fraction in its simplest form.
   - A. $^{40}/_{100}$
   - B. $^{2}/_{5}$
   - C. $^{4}/_{10}$
   - D. $^{2}/_{50}$
6. During campaign, an outgoing governor distributed 2 793 T-shirts equally among 147 regions. How many T-shirts did each region receive?
   - A. 29
   - B. 19
   - C. 18
   - D. 27
7. Multiply: 2 141 x 16
   - A. 33 156
   - B. 34 246
   - C. 34 256
   - D. 33 255
8. Take away $^{7}/_{11}$ from $^{7}/_{9}$
   - A. $^{14}/_{21}$
   - B. $^{7}/_{9}$
   - C. $^{14}/_{99}$

D. $^1/_{36}$

9. A teacher wrote $77 + 23 \times 57 + 19 - 11$ on the chalkboard and asked her learmers to work it out. If the learners worked it out correctly, what answer did they get?
   - A. 2400
   - B. 1400
   - C. 2350
   - D. 1396

10. What is the square root of 361?
   - A. 29
   - B. 19
   - C. 17
   - D. 27

11. Mwamburi's string is 7cm long while Mwakideu's is 2cm shorter. What is the total length of their strings?
   - A. 9 cm
   - B. 900 mm
   - C. 12 000 mm
   - D. 12cm

12. A grandmother cooked 12 litres 500ml of porridge. She gave 9 litres 600ml to her farm workers and the rest to her grandchildren. How much porridge did she give to her grandchildren?
   - A. 22l 100ml
   - B. 2l 100 ml
   - C. 2l 1100ml
   - D. 2l 900ml

13. The circumference of a circle is 22cm and its diametro is 7cm. How many times in the circumference longer than the diametre?
   - A. 15
   - B. $3^1/_7$
   - C. 7/22
   - D. $7^1/_3$

14. Grade 6 learners picked 32 marbles of different colours as shown in the table below.

Colours	Tally marks
Green	ЖЖ lll
Yellow	lll
Blue	
Red	ЖЖ ЖЖ llll

How many blue marbles did the learners pick?

A. 32

B. 25

C. 14

D. 7

15. A donkey cart was loaded with 490kg of nails, 500kg of cement and 370kg of iron sheets. What is the total mass in tonnes?

    A. 1 360t

    B. 1.36t

    C. 13.6t

    D. 136.0t

16. A marathon runner runs 13km 650m in aday. What distance does she cover in four days?

    A. 53km 600m

    B. 54km 600m

    C. 52km 2 600m

    D. 17km 650m

17. An NGO organisation donated 1291 600kg of maize to be shared equally among 8 boarding schools in a sub county. What mass of malze did cach school get?

    A. 16t 1600kg

    B. 15t 200kg

    C. 16t 200kg

    D. 15t 1600kg

18. A radio program started at 8.30pm. At what time did it start in 24 hour clock system?

    A. 2030h

    B. 0830h

    C. 8030h

    D. 3020h

19. Joan bought three bens each sh. 400. She later sold them for sh. 550 cach. What was her profit

    A. Sh. 1 650

    B. Sh. 1 200

    C. Sh. 450

    D. Sh. 550

20. Robin took 5 minutes 45 seconds to walk from his house to the shop. He took 7 minutes 23 seconds to walk back bomo. How long did he take to walk to the shop and back?

    A. 12 minutes 68 seconds

    B. 12 minutes 8 seconds

    C. 2 minutes 22 seconds

    D. 13 minutes 8 seconds

21. The unit of measurement of length or distance is

    A. Metres or centimetres

    B. Celsius or Kelvin

C. Grams or kilograms

D. Litres or millilitres

22. Mwende bought the following items from a shop.

   o Two -2 kg packet of maize flour @. sh 250
   o 3 packets of milk @sh 60
   o A loaf of bread for sh 65
   o I litre of juice @ sh. 220

   What balance did she get if she gave the shopkeeper sh 1000 note?
       A. Sh 35
       B. Sh 965
       C. Sh 715
       D. Sh 285

23. Angles are measured in units called
       A. protractors.
       B. metres.
       C. centimetres.
       D. degrees.

24. Ole Macho had 25 cows and n sheep. If - the total number of animals was 80, which of the following equations can be used to find the value of n?
       A. 80 = 25- n
       B. 80 + 25 =n
       C. 25 + n= 80
       D. 25+ n= 80

25. Matunda had p oranges and 15 mangoes. If the total number of fruits was 32, what is the value of p?
       A. 17
       B. 47
       C. 15

26. A company supplied 5432 iron sheet on Monday and 4023 iron sheets on Tuesday to construct dispensaries in a sub-county. How many iron sheets did they supply in the two days?

       E. 9419
       F. 8455
       G. 9455
       H. 1409

27. Richard bought 8 ¼ kg of meat. His wife cooked 2 ¾kg of it. What amount of meat remained?
       A. 4½ kg

B. 6kg
C. 11kg
D. 5 ½kg
28. Work out the sum of
524163 + 312805 + 120021.
    A. 979696
    B. 956989
    C. 716947
    D. 91337
29. Quinter earns a salary of sh 3635 daily. How much will she earn in 88 days?
    A. 372300
    B. 354700
    C. 417268
    D. 319880
30. Calculate 24 x 66 −12 × 47 +124
    A. 74008
    B. 1144
    C. 896
    D. 468

KPSEA 2024 NATIONAL POST MOCKS

{KENYA PRIMARY SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT}

CREATIVE ARTS, SOCIAL STUDIES & RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

Time: 1 Hours 40 Minutes

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clean as possible and Do not fold it."

9. For each question 1-50 four answers are given. The answers are lettered A, B, C, D. În each case Only One of the four answers is correct. Chose the correct answer.

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I1. Your dark line Must be within the box. Make your line as dark as possible.

12. For each question **Only One box** is to be marked in each set of four boxes.

Candidates should check the question papers to ensure that all questions are printed.

1. The process of joining these two pieces of leather is called:
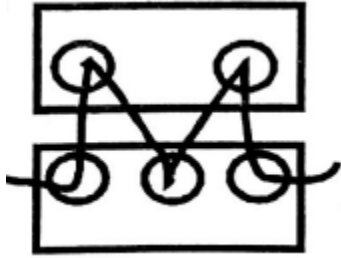
   A. beading
   B. etching
   C. thonging
   D. hemming

2. Three of the following are benefits of songs **except**. Songs _____ people.
   A. educate
   B. entertain
   C. console
   D. accuse

3. Erick used the printed fabric shown below to decorate a book cover. How many motif have been used?
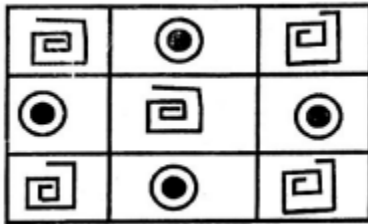
   A. Three
   B. Two
   C. Nine
   D. Six

4. Which of the following is an upper case letter?
   A. a
   B. b
   C. H
   D. g

5. A person who manipulates and control puppet is called:-
   A. marionette
   B. puppeteer
   C. magician
   D. acrobat

6. Which of the following is **not** a principal of art?
   A. Balance

B. Tonal value
C. Proportion
D. Overlapping

7. The following materials are used in painting **except**:-
    A. Pencil
    B. Crayon
    C. Thread
    D. Brush

8. Sarah, a grade five leamer drew a hut on a hard carton. She then applied glue and mounted rice on the drawing. Sarah was making a
    A. mosaic
    B. motif
    C. collage
    D. montage

9. Which colour do you get when you mix red and yellow?
    A. Green
    B. Violet
    C. Orange
    D. White

10. The pattern below is used in weaving. It is called:-
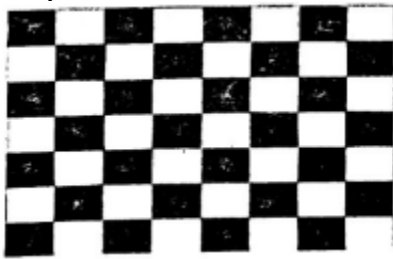
    A. twinning
    B. splitting
    C. plaiting
    D. plain weaving

11. The pattern above can be used to decorate a
    A. mat
    B. pot
    C. sufuria
    D. T.V

12. Wind instruments are played by:-
    A. plucking
    B. blowing
    C. hitting
    D. shaking

13. Special clothes that are worn when performing folk songs are called:-
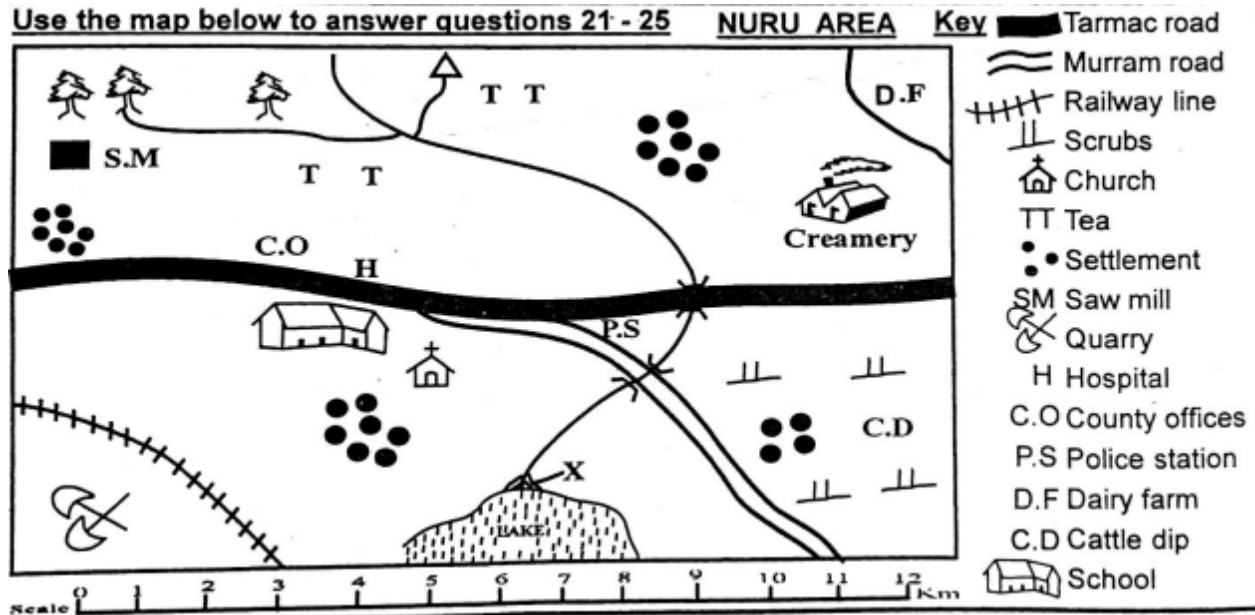   A. uniform

B. costumes
C. adornment
D. decoration

14. Which community uses the instrument below?
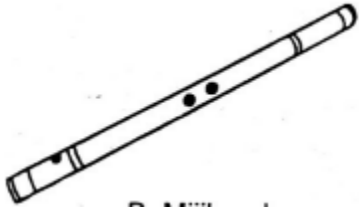
A. Kalenjin
B. Mijikenda
C. Akamba
D. Teso

15. Which of the following types of song is correctly matched with the community it comes from?
A. Ramogi - Akamba
B. Isikuti - Luo
C. Mwomboko - Agikuyu
D. Kilumi - Luhya

16. Which of the following materials can be used to make a dancing skirt?
A. Clay soil
B. Tree leaves
C. Manilla paper
D. Sisal fibres

17. What is the use of adhesives when mounting an artwork?
A. Decoration.
B. Exhibition.
C. Sticking.
D. Cutting.

18. The speed of a song is called:-
A. tempo
B. pitch
C. rhythm
D. volume

19. "Natujenge taifa letu". This statement is found in the:-
A. East Africa Anthem
B. Sacred song
C. Topical song
D. Kenya National Anthem

20. A piece of song performed by two people is called:-
A. duet
B. solo

C. choral
D. trio

Use the map below to answer questions 21 - 25   NURU AREA   Key

Key:
- Tarmac road
- Murram road
- Railway line
- Scrubs
- Church
- TT Tea
- Settlement
- SM Saw mill
- Quarry
- H Hospital
- C.O County offices
- P.S Police station
- D.F Dairy farm
- C.D Cattle dip
- School

21. Which pattern is formed by the population | 25 distribution in Nuru Area?
    A. nucleated
    B. sparse
    C. dense
    D. linear
22. Nuru area is headed by:-
    A. Assistant County Commissioner
    B. Deputy County Commissioner
    C. Governor
    D. Chief
23. The climate experienced in the Northern part of Nuru area is :-
    A. cool and wet
    B. hot and wet
    C. cool and dry
    D. hot and dry
24. The feature marked x is called:-
    A. estuary
    B. delta
    C. confluence
    D. tributary

25. Which economic activity is **not** carried out in Nuru Area?
   A. Lumbering
   B. Farming
   C. Tourism
   D. Mining
26. Which of the following groups consists of the plain nilotes in Kenya?
   A. Agikuyu, Dawida, Abakuria
   B. Maasai, Samburu, Turkana
   C. Somali, Boran, Rendille
   D. Arabs, Nubians, Indians
27. A school routine is normally shown on
   A. a timetable.
   B. an exercise book cover.
   C. the school uniform.
   D. the school gate.

28. Equatorial climate is always:-
   A. hot and wet
   B. hot and dry
   C. cool and wet
   D. cool and dry
29. On 12th December, Kenyans celebrate:-
   A. Madaraka day
   B. Labour day
   C. Jamhuri day
   D. Mashujaa day
30. Which of the following minerals is **correctly** matched with the place it is found?
   A. Soda ash - Magadi
   B. Diatomite - Malindi
   C. Salt - Kariandusi
   D. Oil - Nakuru
31. One of the crops below is grown in the subsistence farms. Which is it?
   A. Tea
   B. Flowers
   C. Kales
   D. Coffee
32. Which of the following is a quality of a good leader?
   A. Dishonest
   B. Caring
   C. Cruel
   D. Unjust
33. Chege a grade five pupil has been employed in a hotel. The hotel owner is practising:-
   A. Child labour

B. Early marriage

C. Good citizenship

D. Child right

34. Who among the following traditional leaders practised long distance trade?

    A. Mekatilili wa menza

    B. Njuri Ncheke

    C. Oloibon Lenana

    D. Chief Kivoi Mwendwa

35. Which of the following economic activities is **correctly** matched with the symbol it represents?

    A. Saw mill-fishing

    B. Tea- transport

    C. Quarry - mining

    D. Road - farming

36. Identify a historic built environment in Kenya.

    A. Wilson airport

    B. River Tana

    C. Mount Kenya

    D. Fort Jesus

37. Which is the largest country in Eastern Africa?

    A. Tanzania

    B. Sudan

    C. Somalia

    D. Djibouti

Use the diagram below to answer questions 38 and 39
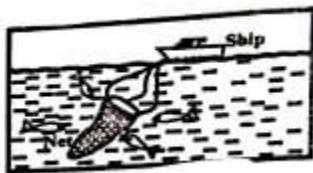
38. The fishing method illustrated above is

    A. trawling.

    B. net drifting.

    C. harpooning.

    D. purse-seining.

39. The fishing method above is used where

    A. water is flowing fast.

    B. there are few fish.

    C. a river is shallow.

D. the sea is deep.
40. How many basketfuls of food were left after Jesus fed the multitude?

    A. 24
    B. 10
    C. 3
    D. 12

41. Which is the **correct** way of using social media?
    A. Accusing others
    B. Watching nakedness
    C. Sending greetings to friends
    D. posting immoral pictures
42. Otieno wakes up very early every Sunday to arrange chairs in their church. Otieno demonstrates:-
    A. responsibility
    B. courage
    C. holiness
    D. loneliness
43. Who raised the Jairus daughter from death?
    A. Peter
    B. Jesus
    C. Elisha
    D. Paul
44. Which of the following is **not** one of the books in the Bible?
    A. Genesis
    B. Exodus
    C. Gideon
    D. Samuel
45. Who among the following grade six learners used his/her free time well during the December holiday?
    A. Ken- went to steal fruits from a nearby farm
    B. Eliud - went to fetch water for an old lady
    C. Tom was given a ride by a stranger
    D. Betty-talking with her friends about others
46. One of the Ten commandments tells us to honour our parents because:-
    A. they give us food
    B. we can live long on earth
    C. we can avoid being cursed
    D. they may refuse to pay our school fees
47. "Do not accuse anyone falsely". Which lesson do Christians learn from this statement?The importance of being:-
    A. obedient

B. kind

C. loving

D. truthful

48. Eve was created by God as a _____ of Adam.

    A. servant

    B. caretaker

    C. helper

    D. enemy

49. Which of the following prophets challenged the prophet of Baal at Mt. Carmel by bringing fire from heaven?

    A. Jeremiah

    B. Daniel

    C. Elijah

    D. Isaiah

50. Which of the following prophets challenged the prophet of Baal at Mt. Carmel by bringing fire from heaven?

    A. Jeremiah

    B. Daniel

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